

Automating Administration Tasks Using Python

SEE
WHAT
OTHERS
CAN'T

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gisworx

Session Roadmap

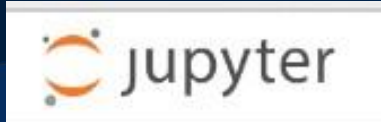
Session is divided into three parts

- **Part 1: Types of Administrators**
- **Part 2: Geodatabase Creation**
- **Part 3: Version Management**



Python

- Free
- Simple and easy to learn
- Easy to maintain
- Wide-acceptance
- Modular
- Cross platform
- Scheduling
- Documentation of workflows



```
PythonWin - [WeightedAttributeOverlay.py]
File Edit View Tools Window Help

#import system modules
import arcgisscripting, math, os, sys, traceback

#main function, all functions run in WeightedAttributeOverlay
-def WeightedAttributeOverlay():
    #create the geoprocessor object
    gp = arcgisscripting.create(93)
    #set overwrite output property
    gp.overwriteoutput = True

    #define traceback object
    def AddPrintMessage(msg, severity):
        print msg
        if severity == 0: gp.AddMessage(msg)
        elif severity == 1: gp.AddWarning(msg)
        elif severity == 2: gp.AddError(msg)

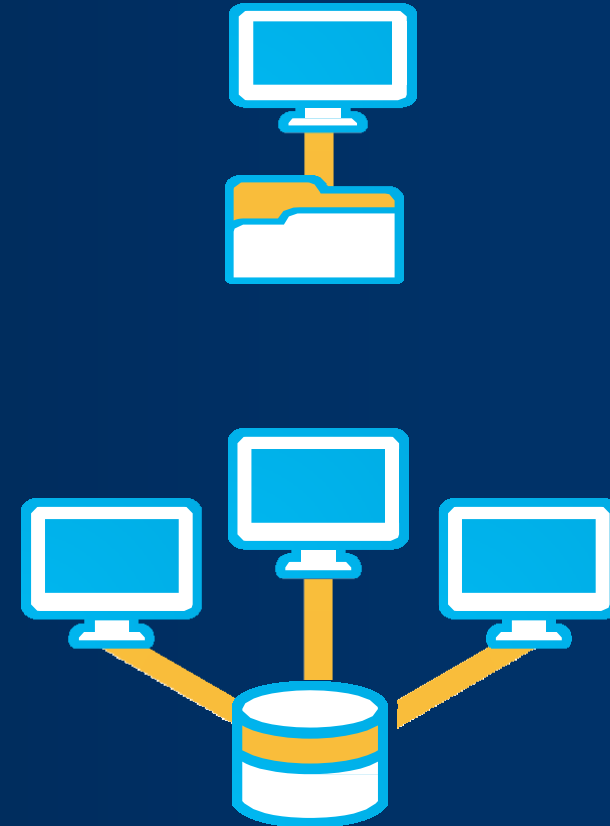
    #set tool inputs
    input = gp.getparameterastext(0)           #input features
    uniqueid = gp.getparameterastext(1)       #unique ID field
    fieldstrs = gp.getparameterastext(2)      #field weight string, composed of field | # classes | classif.
    outfc = gp.getparameterastext(3)         #output feature class containing weighted and output fields
    outfield = gp.getparameterastext(4)      #name of the output field

    #load multiple overlay fields into list

>>> import arcpy
>>> arcpy.Usage("buffer")
u'buffer(object [, offset[, size]])\n\nCreate a new buffer object which references the given object.\nThe buffer will reference a slice of the target object from the\nstart of the object (or at the specified offset). The slice will\nextend to the end of the target object (or with the specified size).'
>>> arcpy.Usage("buffer_analysis")
'Buffer_analysis(in_features, out_feature_class, buffer_distance_or_field, (FULL | LEFT | RIGHT |
OUTSIDE_ONLY), (ROUND | FLAT), (NONE | ALL | LIST), (dissolve_field;dissolve_field...))\nBuffer Features'
>>>
```

Data Sources

- **File Geodatabases**
 - System files in a file folder
- **Enterprise Geodatabases**
 - Oracle, SQL Server, PostgreSQL,
 - DB2, SAP HANA
- **Enterprise Databases**
 - Altibase, Demang, Netezza, Teradata
- **Other systems**
 - Hadoop



Administration in Desktop and Server

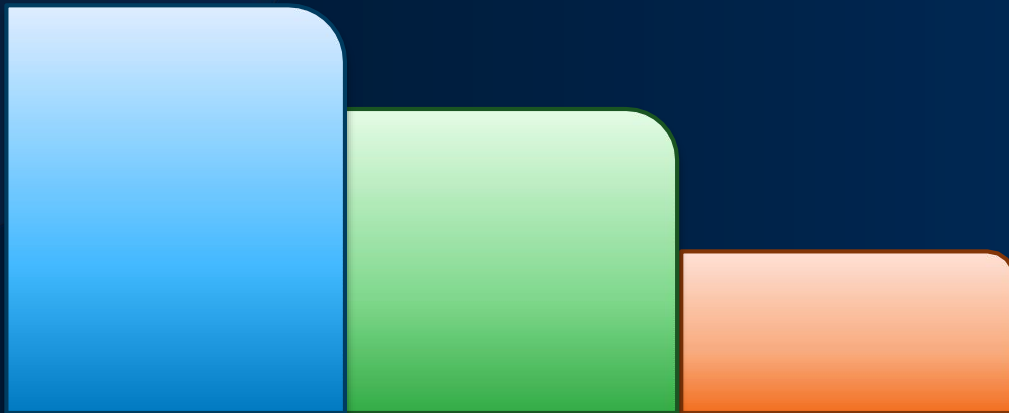
- ArcGIS Desktop
 - GUI Tools
 - GP Tools
- ArcGIS for Server
 - GP Tools / Python



- Geodatabase Administration
 - Analyze Datasets
 - Change Privileges
 - Compress
 - Configure Geodatabase Log File Tables
 - Create Database Sequence
 - Create Database User
 - Create Enterprise Geodatabase
 - Create Role
 - Delete Database Sequence
 - Delete Schema Geodatabase
 - Diagnose Version Metadata
 - Diagnose Version Tables
 - Enable Enterprise Geodatabase
 - Export Geodatabase Configuration Keywords
 - Import Geodatabase Configuration Keywords
 - Migrate Storage
 - Rebuild Indexes
 - Register with Geodatabase
 - Repair Version Metadata
 - Repair Version Tables
 - Update Enterprise Geodatabase License
 - Update Portal Dataset Owner
 - Upgrade Dataset
 - Upgrade Geodatabase

Types of administrators

- ❑ Database administrator (DBA)
- ❑ Geodatabase administrator (sde)
- ❑ Dataset administrator (a.k.a data owner)



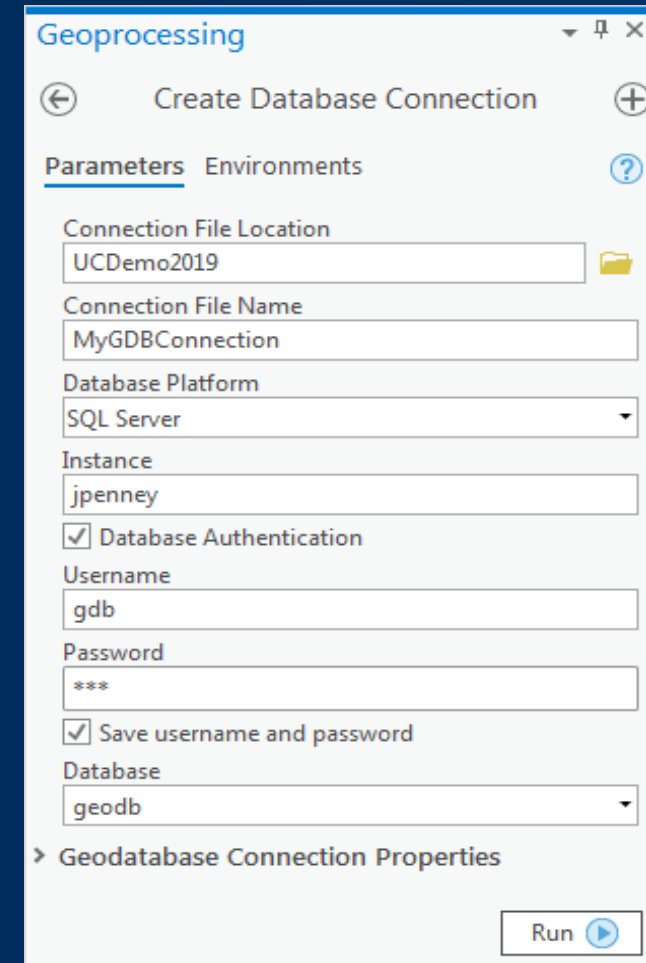
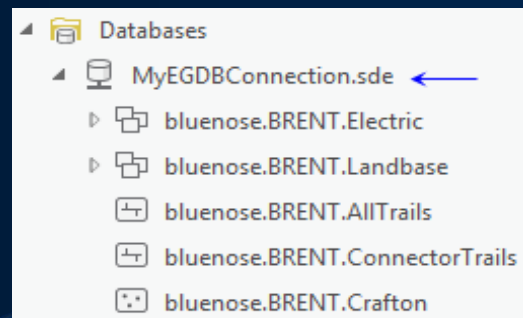
Types of administrators

Database Administrator (DBA)	Geodatabase Administrator (sde user)	Dataset Administrator (data owner)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Instance level admin• User management• Database backup• Performance monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Creates the geodatabase repository• View and reconcile any version• Performs Compress• Configuration keyword maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Grant privileges on data that they own• Modifying schema• Database statistics and index maintenance• Enabling geodatabase behavior on data tables

Connecting to an enterprise geodatabase

Connect to the geodatabase

- Create Database Connection GP tool
- Connection files are used by all admins and users
- Can use database or OS authentication
- Connection to a specific version



Geodatabase Creation

Performed by Database Administrator (DBA)

Geodatabase Creation

- Create Enterprise Geodatabase GP tool
 - SQL Server, PostgreSQL, Oracle, etc.
 - License File required

Create Roles in the Geodatabase

- Create Role GP tool
 - Easy to assign/revoke privileges to a group of users

Create Users in the Geodatabase

- Create Database User GP tool
 - Assign to a role when creating a new user
 - Can be database or OS authentication

Geodatabase Creation

Performed by Dataset Administrator (data owner)

Create or Load Data into the Geodatabase

- Create Table, Create Feature Class, etc.
- Import XML Workspace, Copy, Feature Class to Geodatabase, etc.

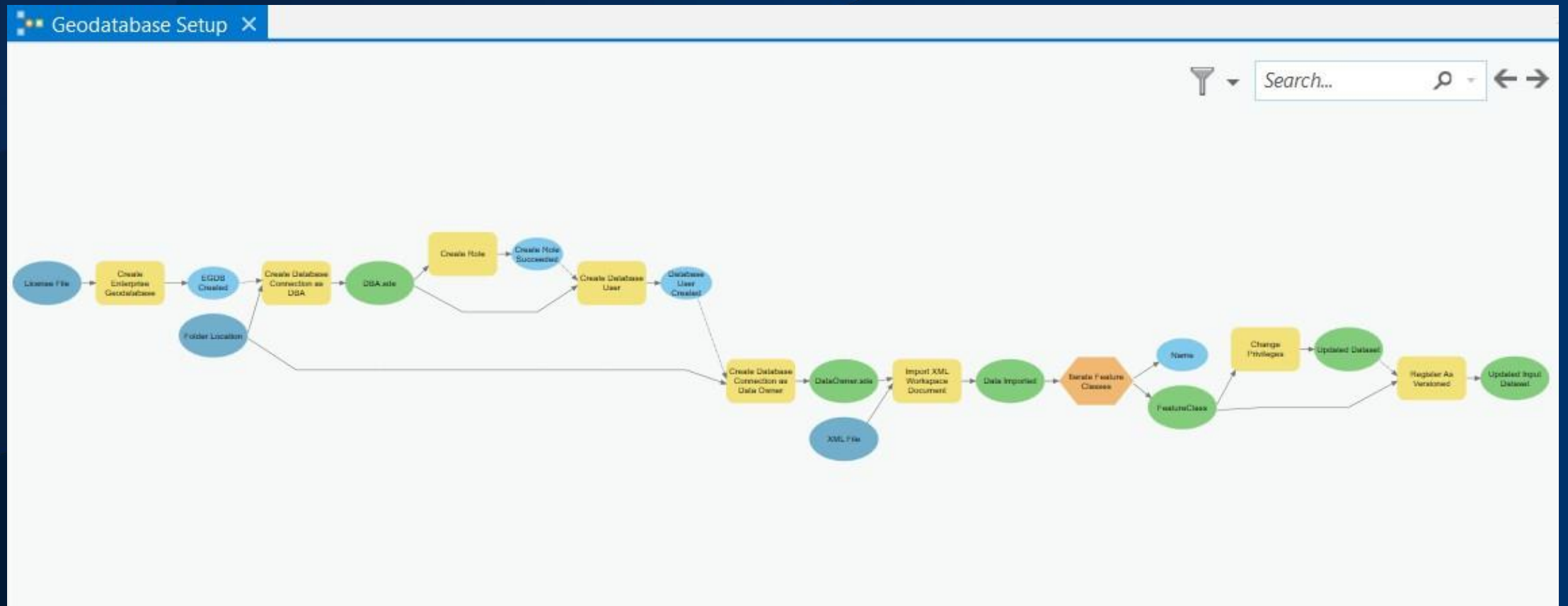
Manage Privileges

- Change Privileges GP tool
 - Grant or revoke view or edit permissions

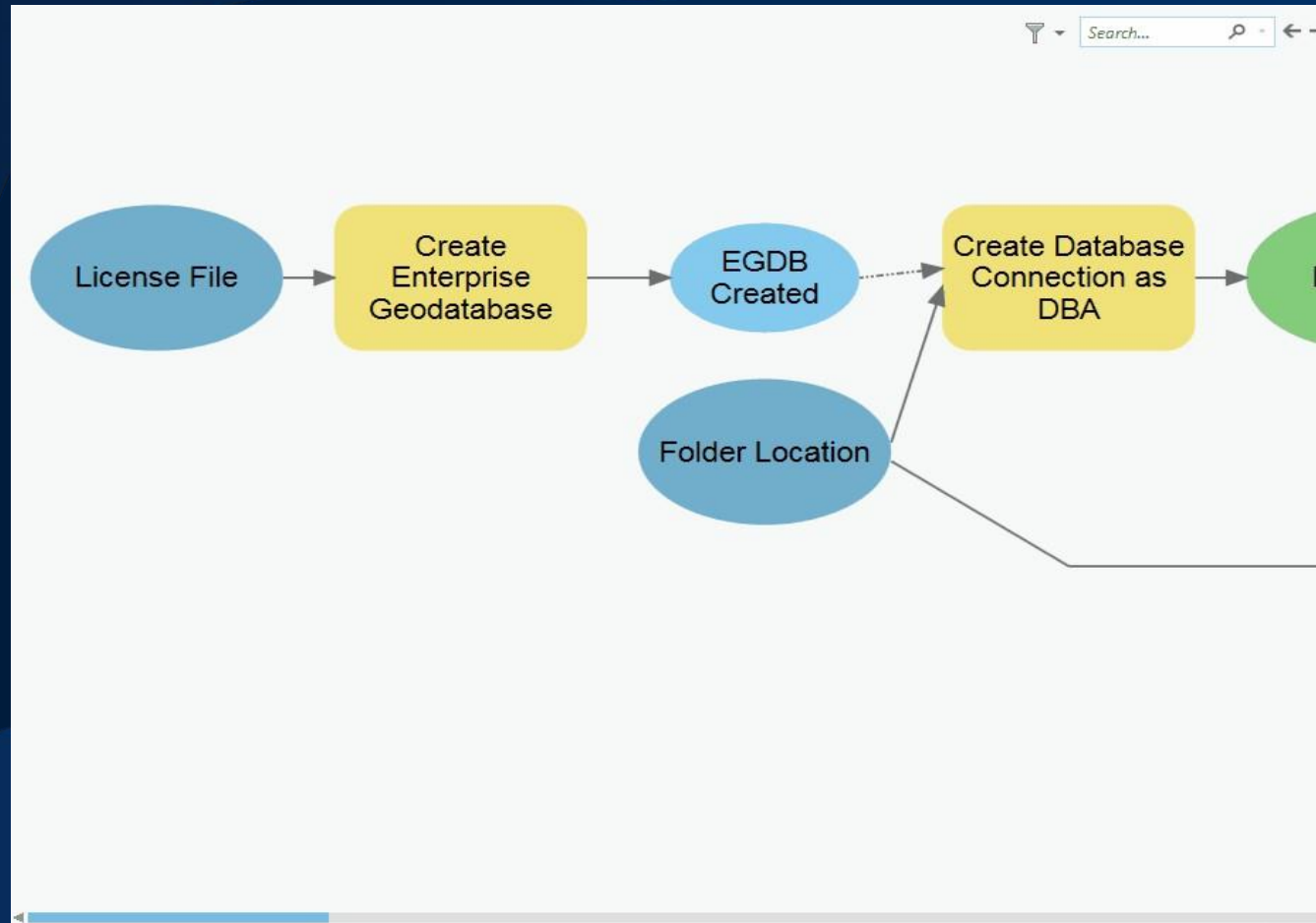
Register As Versioned

- Register As Versioned GP tool
 - If using versioned editing workflows

Geodatabase Creation using ModelBuilder



Geodatabase Creation using ModelBuilder



Geodatabase Creation

Creating users and roles,
loading data,
setting permissions

```
# Once the database has been created we will create an admin
# connection so that we can create users in it.
print("Creating connection to geodatabase as the DBA user")
adminConn = arcpy.CreateDatabaseConnection_management('C:/presentations/UC2019/AutomateGDBAdmin/der
                                                    'Admin|sde', platform, instance, authenticati
                                                    databaseAdmin, databaseAdminPass,'', database

# First create a few roles for data viewers and data editors.
print("Creating the viewers and editors roles")
arcpy.CreateRole_management(adminConn, 'viewers')
arcpy.CreateRole_management(adminConn, 'editors')

# Next create users and assign them to their proper roles.
# Generate a list of users to be added as editors and a list to be added as viewers.
print("Creating users")
editors = ['matt', 'colin', 'andrew', 'gary']
viewers = ['heather', 'jon', 'annie', 'shawn']
for user in editors:
    arcpy.CreateDatabaseUser_management(adminConn, 'DATABASE_USER',
                                        user, user, 'editors')

for user1 in viewers:
    arcpy.CreateDatabaseUser_management(adminConn, 'DATABASE_USER',
```

Version Management

Connection management
and versioning workflows

The screenshot displays the 'Versions' tab in the GISWORX software. The interface includes a menu bar with 'Project', 'Versions', 'Insert', 'Analysis', 'View', and 'Share'. Below the menu bar, there are input fields for 'Name:' and 'Owner:', a 'Refresh Versions' button, and a 'Filter Versions' section. The 'Manage Versions' section contains buttons for 'New Version', 'Delete', 'Reconcile/Post', and 'Save'. A tab titled 'Versions: mjarman:marketing' is active, showing '3 of 3 versions listed at 11/6/2018 7:01:25 PM.' Below this, a table lists the versions:

Name	Owner	Parent	Description	Access	Created	Modified
DEFAULT	sde		Instance default	Public	11/6/2018 6:54:18 PM	11/6/2018 6:54:18 PM
Contractor	JON	DEFAULT		Private	11/6/2018 7:00:26 PM	11/6/2018 6:54:18 PM
Manager	ANN	DEFAULT	Manage new coi	Public	11/6/2018 7:00:51 PM	11/6/2018 6:54:18 PM

Managing connections with arcpy functions

Performed by the Geodatabase Administrator (sde user)

Block or allow new connections

- `arcpy.AcceptConnections()`

View connected users and their connection properties

- `arcpy.ListUsers()`

Disconnect users (use caution)

- `arcpy.DisconnectUser()`

Version administration tasks

Performed by several administrators as well as users with editing privileges

Data is registered as versioned

- Register as Versioned GP tool
 - Data Owner

Version created for editors

- Create Version GP tool
 - Database users with permissions on data

Editors connect to a specific version to make edits

- Use GP tools or manual edits in the map
 - Database users with edit permissions on data

Version administration tasks

Performed by Geodatabase Administrator and Data Owner

Reconcile and post

- Reconcile = pull changes from parent to child version
- Post = push reconciled changes from child to parent version
- Reconcile Versions GP tool
 - Automate the process
 - Must define how to deal with conflicts
 - Recommended to run as Geodatabase Administrator

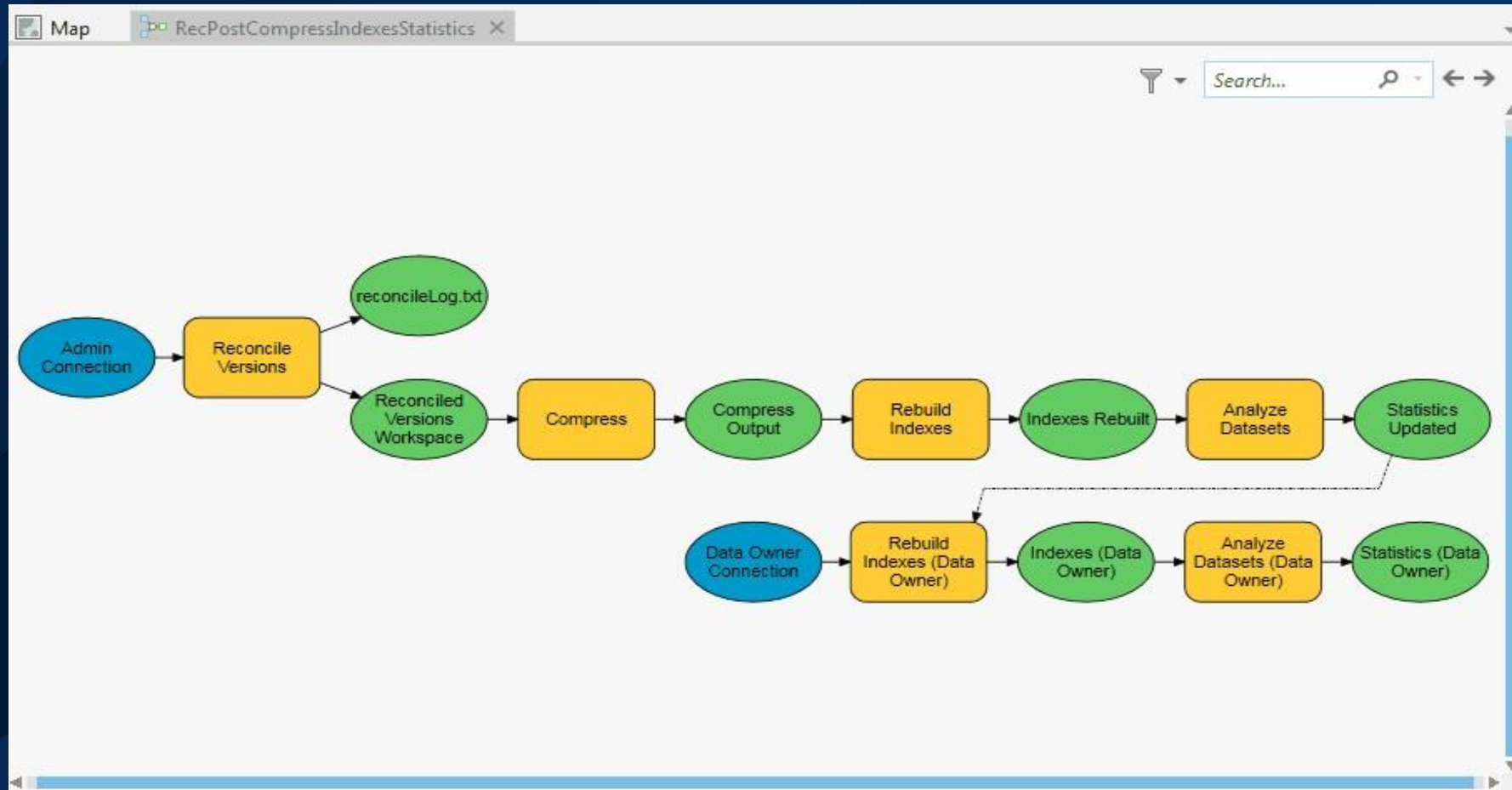
Compress

- Compress GP tool
 - Geodatabase Administrator

Update statistics and rebuild indexes (if needed)

- Analyze Datasets GP tool
- Rebuild Indexes GP tool
- Executed by both the Geodatabase Admin and Data Owner

Geodatabase Maintenance using ModelBuilder



Version Management

Manage connections &
version management tasks

```
try:
    # Get a list of versions to pass into the ReconcileVersions tool.
    # Only reconcile versions that are children of Default
    print("Compiling a list of versions to reconcile")
    verList = arcpy.da.ListVersions(adminConn)
    versionList = [ver.name for ver in verList if ver.parentVersionName == 'sde.DEFAULT']

    # Execute the ReconcileVersions tool.
    try:
        print("Reconciling all versions")
        arcpy.ReconcileVersions_management(adminConn, "ALL_VERSIONS", "sde.DEFAULT",
                                          versionList, "LOCK_ACQUIRED", "NO_ABORT",
                                          "BY_OBJECT", "FAVOR_TARGET_VERSION", "POST",
                                          "KEEP_VERSION", sys.path[0] + "/reclog.txt")

        recMsg = 'Reconcile and post executed successfully.\n\r'
        recMsg += 'Reconcile Log is below.\n' #warning this can be very long.
        recMsg += open(sys.path[0] + "/reclog.txt", 'r').read()
    except:
        recMsg = 'Reconcile & post failed. Error message below.\n\r' + arcpy.GetMessages()

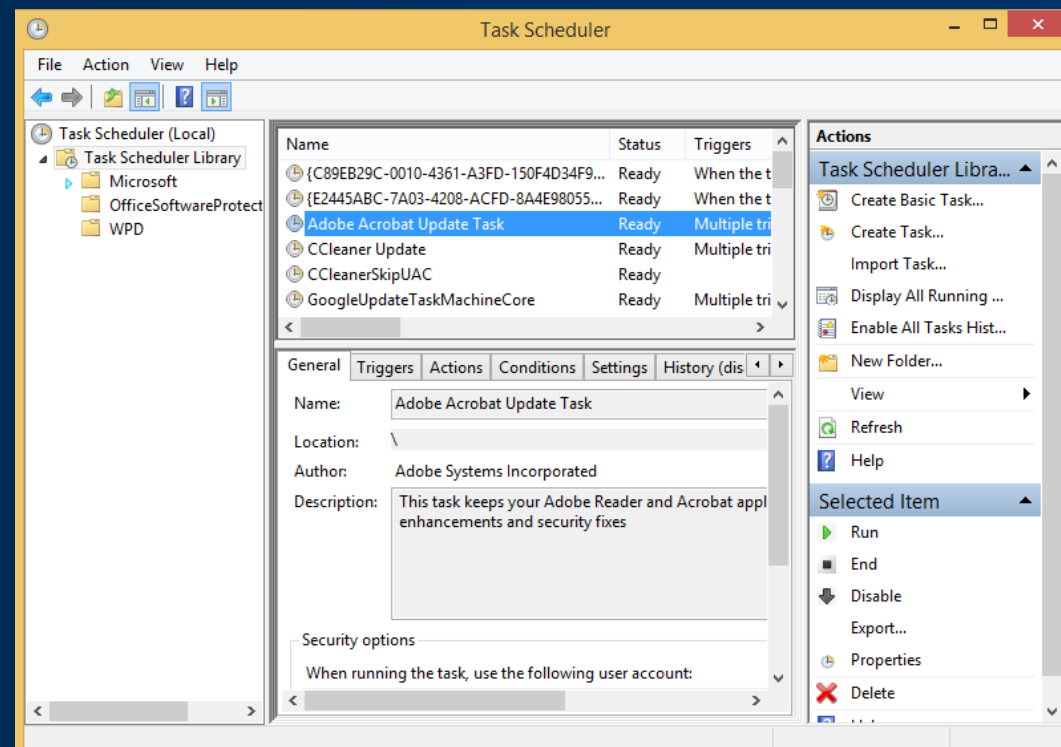
    # Run the compress tool.
    try:
        print("Running compress")
        arcpy.Compress_management(adminConn)
```

Other considerations

- Ability to run models in Python using `arcpy.AddToolbox()`

```
# Import toolbox and run model
arcpy.AddToolbox("C:\\MyToolboxes\\MyToolboxName.tbx")
arcpy.MyModelName_MyToolboxName()
```

- Use a task scheduler to run scripts overnight
 - Windows Task Scheduler
 - Linux cron job



Summary

You can definitely use Python to automate your admin tasks!

- Various administration functionality available to use
 - For all types of administrators
 - Use where most comfortable
 - Geoprocessing pane
 - ModelBuilder
 - Python
- Setup your geodatabase for multi-user editing
- Connection management
- Geodatabase maintenance tasks
- Use a task scheduler to automate scripts to run

Please Share Your Feedback

Thank you!

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